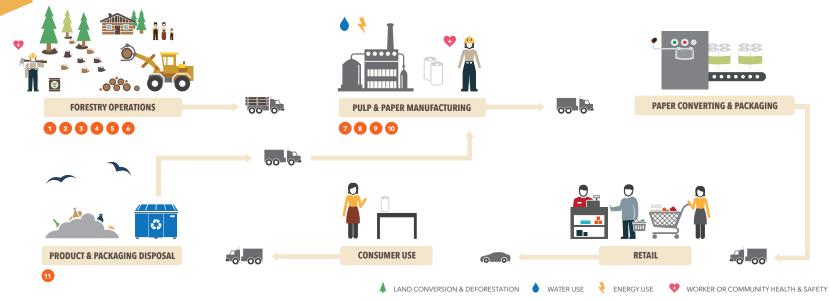


HOUSEHOLD PAPERS

SUPPLY CHAIN HOTSPOTS



START



HOTSPOTS

Community rights – Forestry operations:

Local communities can be negatively affected by forestry operations due to loss of land use, timber rights, and cultural heritage.

Worker health and safety – Forestry operations:

Workers can develop serious health problems from poor working and living conditions in addition to physical injury from other occupational hazards.

Packaging disposal - Resource impacts:

Packaging material with low recovery rates, like poly film, result in depletion of resources and environmental and social impacts from extracting raw materials.

Illegal logging – Forestry operations:

Harvesting timber illegally may lead to biodiversity loss and impact land rights of local communities.

Chemical use - Pulp production:

Chemicals used for pulping and bleaching can pollute the environment.

Labor rights – Wood sourcing

Forestry operations may use child labor, as well as violate other labor rights.

Energy consumption – Pulp and paper production:

Energy generated to power manufacturing processes can cause climate change, damage the environment, deplete resources and impact human health.

Land conversion and deforestation – Forestry operations:

Ineffective forest management can lead to environmental impacts and climate change from deforestation.

Water use - Pulp production:

Water use during pulp and paper manufacture can deplete freshwater resources.

Pesticide application – Wood sourcing:

Improper pesticide use can impact biodiversity, water quality, and human health.

Worker health and safety - Pulp:

Workers can develop serious health problems from exposure to the chemicals used to make pulp and paper and physical injury from other occupational hazards.

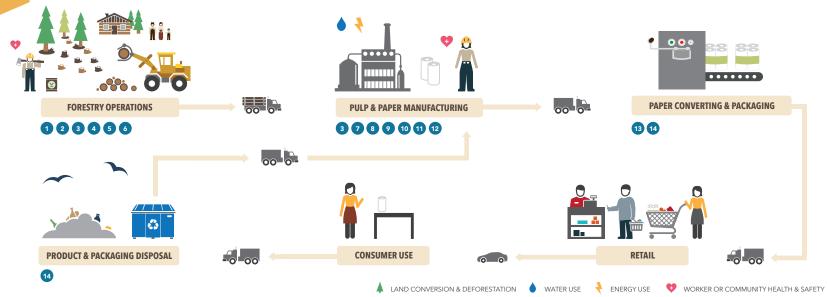


HOUSEHOLD PAPERS

SUPPLY CHAIN KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS



START



KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

